KAUTZ SENDS DETAILS

official Report of British-American Defeat.

BOW TWO BRAVE OFFICERS DIED

Landing Party Withstood a Murderous Fire from Ambuscade Until Colt Gun Cot Out of Order and Friendlies Bolted Turough the Lines-Ensign Monaghan's Struggle Against a Score of Savages Who

of a recent report from Admiral ng of a number of American sailhe Colt gun to work properly was dens at all. and British defeat.

by Capt. Sturdee, of the Por-For several nights preceding, the s had been fired upon by the na-and it became necessary to drive ors away. Admiral Kautz who had the matter in charge risk, especially as it was to move ler the protection of the guns of esty's ship Royalist. It is safe to ys the Admiral, that after Lieuts n and Lansdale had conferred tothey did what they deemed best he circumstances, and the disaster ollowed could not be foreseen.

As Told by the Survivors.

al Kautz appends the reports of vere transmitted by Capt. White, Philadelphia. In his letter of al the Captain commends in the ngest terms the work of Passed Astimes when the fire from the contives was thickest, and at all times, by his example, he encouraged the inexperienced men to the n of the work of his profession, marched them to the United States

apt. White describes at some length the happenings of April 1, as gathered from a close examination of the petty cers and men engaged in the fight. He that several excursions had been made into the beach back of Apia during the last ten days of March. Very few natives had been observed, and when seen they always fled when fired upon by the ptomatic gun. Lieut. Lansdale set great store by the gun, and frequently erated it himself. Says Capt. White:

Troubfe with the Colt Gun.

'He appears to have depended greatly upon the gun when the party was am-bushed on April 1. Twice it did not function and time was lost in overhauling it. it through the wire fence. Lieu fire was so galling that before he was was compelled to scatter the important parts and leave it behind. Prudence led him to deploy his men in open order. The thicket was so dense that after the order for retreat was sounded it was not possible for the groups to render each other mutual support.
"Lieut. Lansdale was wounded below the

kned soon after the Colt was abandoned and rendered incapable of marching. He was assisted by his men, one of them, N.E. Edsall (ordinary seaman), was mortally wounded while doing so. It is not wound in his chest. It is in evidence most clear that when Ensign Monaghan dised that Lieut. Lansdale was wounded he used his best endeavors to convey him o the rear, and, seizing a rifle from a disabled man, made a brave defense, but undoubtedly he fell very shortly after joining Lansdale, and the hostiles, flushed cess, bore down on our men in

"The men were not in sufficient numwere forced along by a fire which it was impossible to withstand. But Ensign Monaghan did stand. He stood steadfast his wounded superior and friend, one rifle against many, one brave man against a score of savages. He knew he doomed. He could not yield. He died in heroic performance of duty.
"Private Henry L. Hulbert, U. S. M. C.,

informs me that he saw both Lieut, Lans-cale and Ensign Monaghan after they were killed; that he had been near them a few minutes before, and that he had asin covering their retreat. He is mentioned by Lieut. Perkins for bravery

stantly while standing and firing against

have to commend the steadiness of F. D. Fisher, in charge of the Colt autogun, for coolness and steadiness in der fire. J. S. Ranlet (ordinary seaman) assisted Ensign Monaghan in binding up Lieut. Lansdale's leg with a handsmith, and assisted in carrying him when

The number of cartridges fired by each of the blue ackets averaged thirty. From what appears to be reliable authority, forty of the assallants were killed and he British story of the affair is told

briefly by Lieut. G. E. Cave in an inclosed furanga, and contains no information beid that set out in the report of the American officers. He does say that the es bolting through the British and imerican line rather broke it up; that Freeman ordered the retreat after he engagement had been in progress as approaching. He declares "All

Wanted Here for Embezzlement.

Norfolk, Va., May 15.-William Parneswanted in Washington for embeznent, was arrested by the detectives He is a white man, origisconsin, and is about forty am from Washington's Police Superin-Sunday asking him to arrest mesworth, who was badly wanted in ity Farnesworth is also neld for

W York, May 15.—"Wizard" Jake der, of Chicago, beat George Slosson, w York, the "Student," in an excit-New York, May 15 .- "Wizard" Jake hal score was 600 to 418 in favor of Changed hands on the result.

ROOSEVELT ON LEGISLATION.

The Importance of Electing Men Who Are Buffalo, N. Y., May 15.-Gov. Roosevel as the principal guest and speaker at dinner given by the Independent Club in the banquet hall of the Ellicott Square Club to-night. The Governor's address was on "The Use and Abuse of Property.

"I think that among the different prob lems that give us all serious concern, there is no one problem that is so difficult to deal with as the problem of how o do justice to wealth, either in the hands of the individual or the corporation, on the one hand, or, on the other, how to see that that wealth in return is used for tendency, as is natural, is for men to range themselves in two extreme camps each taking a position that in the long run would be almost equally fatal to the

"Now, take the question of taxation of franchises. On the one hand we have the perfectly simple savage who believes that you should tax franchises to the ex-Samoan affairs as touches tent of confiscating them, and that it is the duty of all railroad corporations to ataafa adherents near Apia on Carry everybody free and give him a April. No mention is made at chromo. On the other hand, we have the the reported participation in scarcely less primitive mortal who believes that there is something sacred in a of the plantation where the franchise, and that there is no reason chase a home for Admiral Dewey in

> itably tends to produce the man who character proposed for Admiral Dewey, occupies the first position, and that the and they are willing to take up the work worst enemy of property is the man of receiving those funds, from whateve who, whether from unscrupulousness or quarters they may come. The committee from mere heediessness and thoughtless- will be glad to serve any newspaper, or ness, takes the ground that there shall ganization, or individual wishing to make be something sacred about all property. that the owners of it are to occupy a dif-ferent position in the community from all others, and are to have their burdens not increased, but displayed to

from a board of aldermen for a railway gets a privilege through the Legislature by bribery and corruption for any corporation, is committing an offense against the community which it is possible may some day have to be condoned for in blood and destruction, not by him, not by his sons, but by you and your sons. The one safe way in dealing with this problem is to send into our public bodies men who shall be honest. obligations to rich and poor alike, and who shall draw the lines, not between the rich man and the poor man, but between the honest man and the dishonest

the one hand, will be incapable of yielding to any demagogic attack upon men of means, merely because they are men of means; men who will realize how much this country owes to the architects of its material prosperity, and men who, on the other hand, will not be blinded by those considerations to the fact that too many men of means, too many successful men men of ineans, too many successful men of business, strive to bring into public life the kinds of chicanery by which they have won in business life, and make them understand that they will not be allowed one advantage due to disposery, the control of the contro advantage due to dishonesty, due to mere smartness, due to anything but proceed-ing along the recognized rules of morality, which we expect to see followed by every high-minded and honorable man; and which we expect to and honorable man; and when you have once made your public men take that attitude as a regular thing, it will be but a short time before you see the disappearance once for all of demagogic attacks upon wealth upon the one hand, and of corrupt subserviency to the numerous of great corrupts on the one hand, and of corrupt subserviency to the purposes of great corporations on the other."

Charles Hausser, Accused of Teasing a Boy, Seriously Wounds Two Chicagoans. Chicage, May 15 .- Charles Hausser 1ewith his sport with a six year-old boy and the result of the quarrel that ensued was the fatal wounding of Louis Pflume

boy. Mr. Giertz ordered him to leave the child alone and Hausser drew a revolver and threatened to shoot him. There was a quarrel for a few minutes, then Hausser went into the house. As Flicker and his wife and Pflume were starting for City, where great fear had been expected in the control of the control their home, Hausser reappeared and without a word opened fire.
Two of his shots struck Flicker, one

in the hip and another in the arm. A third built lodged in Pflume's abdomen, and inflicted a wound that will prove fatal. When policemen reached the scene Hausser had retreated to his barn and with his revolver freshly charged, stood prepared to resist capture. The police,

PHILADELPHIA'S LOAN VALID.

State Supreme Cours Upholds \$11,200,000 Loan Voted for City Improvements. Philadelphia, May 15.-The State Supreme Court to-day, in an opinion, declared valid the \$11,200,060 loan agreed to tion. The loan had been previously authorized by Councils, but was declared invalid by the courts, as the city had aiready exceeded its borrowing capacity. The court then maintained that no further loans could be authorized without the direct consent of the people. When and the opposition to the loan was carried day's result.

The loan was authorized for general public improvements. For improvement of the water supply, \$3,000,000 was set aside: \$1,000,000 was for the site and the erection of a public library, and the renainder was for street paving, new pubmainder was for street paving, new pul-lic parks, and other minor improvements. Under the terms by which the people voted for the bill, none of the amounts can be diverted from the specific purposes for which it is named.

Chicago, May 15 .- A special to the Rec ord from Anderson, Ind., says: "The \$30 -000,000 window glass trust is a certainty. Leases have been closed which places 93 per cent, of the productive facilities of the country in the control of the new combine. The work of organization has little time, because the men were begun, and the new concern will be begun, and the dew concern will be ready to take the place of the window glass combine on the 29th of May, when all plants will close for the summer sea-son. The new organization will be known as the American Window Glass Company. It will own over seventy window glass

\$65,000,000 Tube Company.

Syracuse, N. Y., May 15 .- Officers of the Syracuse Tube Company in this city to-day stated that the National Tube Company, a consolidation of the princip mills in the United States makin wrought iron and steel pipes and tubes would probably be effected this week. I will have an annual tonnage of 1,000,0 tons of tubular goods, and will be talized at \$65,000,000. The local plant will

De Soto, Mo., May 15.-H. N. Halladay President of the Williamsville, Greenville arfer, and \$500 in stakes, to say noth- & St. Louis Railway, was shot and killed

FUND FOR DEWEY HOME

Meeting of National Committee on Subscriptions.

INVESTMENT OF SURPLUS MONEY

Assistant Postmaster General Heath Says It Is Proposed to Buy Securities with Any Funds Remaining After the Purchase of a Site and Building of a Suitable Home-Treasurer Roberts Ready to Receive Subscriptions for Project.

the Treasury: Charles H. Allen, Assistant Assistant Postmaster General; Brig. Gen. Corbin, and Ellis H. Roberts, Treasurer of the United States, who have been appointed a national committee to take charge of the funds with which to purould pay its share of the bur- Washington, had a meeting yesterday in Mr. Vanderlip's office. The members of "Now, gentlemen, remember that the the committee are all enthusiastic over man who occupies the last position inevmany newspapers who propose taking up the work will co-operate with this com-The rich man who buys a privilege mittee. Treasurer Roberts is now ready to receive contributions in any amount. A which he represents, the rich man who handsome designed receipt will be prepar-Bureau of Engraving and Printing and all contributors will receive such a receipt. A formal address to the public probably

will be issued soon The first subscription to the fund, \$230 was received yesterday from Gen. Felix Agnus, of the Baltimore American, and he will receive receipt No. 1.

For Harmonious Action. Assistant Postmaster General Heath said to the representative of The Post last night that strenuous efforts will be made to bring together all funds raised for the purpose of providing a suitable memorial to the Admiral. "We hope to prevent possible conflict between twenty or thirty separate committees," plained, "when the time comes for the se-lection of a site and the building of the house. Then, if any funds remain after think, to invest them in securities that will yield a stated annual income. There would be, of course, much diversity of opinion as to the nature of such an in-

Mr. Daniel K. Trimmer and Mr. George P. Robinson announced yesterday that they were willing to deed in fee simple a site 300 by 350 feet at Fort Myer Heights for the proposed home of Admiral Dewey and to contribute \$10,000 toward a fund for the erection of the residence not to cost

The Gift to Admiral Worden.

Worden, the commanding officer of the historical ironelad Monitor, which during the civil war inflicted such great punishment on the Confederate ram Merrimac, sented the interference of two young men service against the vessels of the Union fleet. As was generally recognized, the undertaking was regarded as a particuwas the fatal wounding of Louis Pflume larly hazardous one, and grave doubts and the shooting of Albert Flicker. Flicker called on his father-in-law, Chas. operations against the enemy's ship. The Giertz, accompanied by Pflume. Λ sister of Mrs. Flicker, Mrs. Verda, was there also, with her litle son George. The child was playing in front of the house when Hausser, who lives next door sponded, and the successful result of his to Giertz, appeared and began teasing the terrific battle with the Merrimac is well

the achievements of the doughty Monitor. Where His Last Years Were Spent. It was felt that some public testimony should be given the Admiral, and Edward Everett, the noted publicist of Massachusetts, championed the cause, and through his efforts enough money was raised to secure a very desirable home for the officer in Washington. This is located on the south side of K street, near Fiftred of the parleying, burst open the door, and before Hausser had a chance to use the pistol wrenched it from his for a long time by Hon. John G. Carlisle. Here the Admiral spent the declining years of his life. He died something over a year ago, upward of eighty years of age, leaving a widow and several chil-dren. One of these is a widowed daughter, with four children, who, in a great measure, is dependent. After miral's death the income from his office by a vote of the people at a recent elec- ceased, and the widow found herself vn-

ceased, and the micome from his office ceased, and the widow found herself value of the continue to maintain the establishment where she had spent so many years of her life, and was oblized to rent her house to assist her in supporting herself and children.

Since giving up the house she has spent some time with relatives in New York State. During a part of last winter, however, she was in Washington several months. An attempt was made during the last Congress to pass a bill giving her a pension of \$100 per mond, but this was cut down to \$50 before it became a law. Under these circumstances the widow of the man who, probably, in the estimation of many persons, figured largely in turning the tide of the rebellion in favor of the North, is competled to live in comparative obscurity because of her inability to maintain the establishment voted her husband by a grateful people.

BOASTFUL AGUINALDO,

The Situation as Described in a Cablegram to Filipino Janta. London, May 15.-The Filipino junta here has received the following m from Aguinaldo, cabled from Hongkong,

"The Filipino government, in accordance with the general feeling of the country, has decided to continue the war, at all costs, until independence is secured.

"The Filipinos demand a strict fulfili-ment of the articles of the American Constitution and treaties contracted by the American representatives when im-

"All the Funcino Generals support Agui-"All the Funnino Generals support Aguinaldo. Gen. Luna's reported overtures for peace are untrue. Our army is near Manila. simultaneously attacking the whole American line. The heat and rains are causing many casualties in the American Army. All the hospitals are crowded with sick and wounded. Four hundred of the Cincinnati regiment have been imprisoned by Gen. Otts for insubordination in refusing to fight. The regular troops quartered in Manila and other towns are quiet. The volunteers are abused and are always at the front, with scanty rations. "The discontent between the Americans and Europeans is general."

New York, May 15.—Eighty United States engineers from the barracks at Fort Totten, Willet's Point, started for

the Philippine Islands to-day under the command of Lieut. Chase Lofter, of the Twenty-first United States Infantry, which is now at Manila. The engineers are volunteers and came from Companie

B and D, of the Willet's Point corps, The men will travel to San Francisco by rail, and are due to sail on the transport Sherman, on May 22. They expect to be in Manila in seven weeks. They go to fill up the ranks of Company A, which left Willet's Foint over a year ago.

LOST MANY COMRADES. Letter from an Artillery Boy in Camp of

Aguinaldo's Lawn. Maryville, Mo., May 15.-The following etter has been received by Mrs. J. T. inville from her son, Harry H. Kerr, a ember of Battery L. Third United States

Artillery, which has been brigaded with the Twentieth Karsas Regiment: "Malolos, April 5.—Was tired from our 21-mile running the negroes, but we laid many a Filipino below the dirt, and lost 22 per cent. of our men in the Third Ar-tillery. On Saturday morning we had 141 men in Battery L: now we have ten my squad were all wounded excepting one other fellow and myself. We were in the firing hae every day, waded many creeks and rivers to our necks and some of them still deeper; over rice fields knee deep in mud, and besides all this had to face the steel Mausers, which sent the "bing" into

7:30 p. m.-We are camping on Aguipalace and church, which he took time to burn. I am entitled to my discharge to-morrow (the 6th), but don't expect or want it at present."

TWO GUNBOATS AMBUSCADED. Utah Artilleryman Killed and a Private

Wounded-Rebel Loss Heavy. Manila, May 15.-The "tinclad" gunoats Laguna de Bay and Cavadonga and a launch under Capt. Grant, ran into a est of insurgents concealed in the brush and on both sides of the Rio Grande River, three miles above Calumpit, yesterday afternoon, and were received with heavy volleys at short range. A Sergeant belonging to the Utah battery was

killed and one private wounded. Opening with their rapid-fire guns, the

Opening with their rapid-fire guns, the Americans killed twenty of the natives and wounded several others, filling the jungle with a hail of shot for half an hour until the enemy fled.

London, May 15.—The following dispatch has been received by Lloyds, from Manila:

"Owing to the orders of the revolutionists, all English employes have been forced to leave the rice mills and to come here. Native employes will be left at the mills. A protest has been filed with the British Consul."

FATAL RIOT AT CIENFUEGOS

ker and Resist the Police.

Eighth Infantry Called Into the City to Prevent a Renewal of the Disturbance-One Man Killed and Seven Wounded in Riot.

Cienfuegos. Province of Santa Clara, May 15-8 p. m -- About 5 o'clock this after-The proposition to raise a popular sub-cription for the purchase of a home for dmiral Dewey recalls the somewhat noon a gang of Cuban dock laborers callsimilar action on the part of the Amer-ican public in the case of Rear Admiral returned soon after with fifty others and made a similar demand, using obscene and profane language, insulting Capt. Barker, and offering threats.

The Cuban police were ordered to arrest the malcontents, and a general street fight followed, in which one laborer was killed and seven persons were wounded, including three members of the Cuban po-As the Cuban populace became very in

sulting and threatened revenge, an outbreak was expected, and the Second United States Infantry Regiment was ordered into the city. The troops are patrolling the town this evening.

The Cubans are well armed, and about

an hour ago firing was heard in Declute street, near the custom-house, although this was probably only harmless mischief, as the Second Infantry patrol, on investigation, found no one who could be made responsible.

SAYS HENRY WAS RECALLED.

Senor Rivera's Story of the Change in Porto Rican Governorship.

San Juan, Porto Rico, May 15.-The Democracia, of Ponce, the organ of Senor Luis Munoz Rivera, former President of the Porto Rican insular cabinet, who is now in the United States, publishes a lettrat the Cuban soldiers relinquish their ter from him in reference to the recall of arms before receiving their shares in the Maj. Gen. Guy V. Henry, recently Gov- distribution of the \$3,000,000. La Inde ernor General of Porto Rico. In the pendencia and other papers publish excitourse of the letter Senor Rivera says:

Who does not know that the government in the hands of such a man was like the web of Penelope, now woven and afterward torn or unraveled? Who does Cubans would be enabled to "save the sol not remember a thousand errors which the insular secretaries could not repair? of giving up the arms which won their These are the real reason for the recallreasons laid bare by me with rude frankness to the American Colonial Commis-

"The motives assigned by the United States Secretary of War (Gen. Alger), namely, consideration for the health of Gen. Henry and similar excuses, had no basis in the facts of the case. Gen. Henry wished to remain in Porto Rico. I tele-graphed on March 28, from Havana, advising you that the change would be information, on the strength of official ad-Island of Porto Rico transformed into a machete. lunatic asylum."

The publication of this letter has caused as much surprise as criticism, as Gen. Henry left the island after a magnificent demonstration of good will on the part of the Porto Ricans.

Gen. Davis, the new Governor General, will rescind the order issued recently giving liberty to the press.

MR. CLEVELAND GUEST OF HONOR.

Will Attend Corner-stone Laying of Court Toledo, May 15 .- Ex-President Cleveland. who is now on a fishing trip at Middle Bass, will be the guest of honor at the The Filipinos energetically refuse the formal laying of the corner-stone of the American peace overtures, based on re-stricted autonomy, coupled with promises of subsequent self-gove nment.

Court House at Port Clinton on Thurs-day. Mr. Cleveland will not speak, but has consented to be present. has consented to be present.

He expects to be on Lake Erie fishing at least two more weeks, and will prot-

ably remain at Middle Bass during the entire time.

Chicago, May 15.-The stock-yards fock

The tug O. B. Green had just towed the schooner Ford River to a dock at Thirty-eighth street. Either sparks or a lighted match ignited the gases stirred up from the bottom by the tug's wheel. The flames burned all the rope fenders from the sides of the schooner and blistered the paint on its planking. When the water became quiet the fire died out.

Cut His Wife's Throat, Then His Own. Santa Maria, Cal., May 15 .- J. L. Hamilher throat, and then killed himself in the same manner. He is believed to have been insane.

BROOKE TO PAY CUBANS

Change of Plan Owing to Position Taken by Gomez.

NOT HOSTILE, BUT IS DISGUSTED

Machinations of the Malcontents Made It

Desirable to Withdraw from the Army Payment Negotiations-No Change to Be Made in the Conditions Imposed in Connection with the Distribution-Forcible Disarmament, if Necessary.

Havana, May 15-8:40 p. m.-Gen. Maximo Gomez informed Gov. Gen. Brooke to-day that he must withdraw from the plan for distributing the \$3,000,000 appropriated to the payment of the Cuban troops to the extent that he will not name other commissioners to replace those originally named by him who have refused to serve. Gov. Gen. Brooke is to go ahead with a new plan, Gomez remaining in an attitude

Gen. Brooke will issue an order for Cuban privates and non-commissioned officers to meet at specified places on speeified dates to receive payment. are to be accompanied by their company officers for the purpose of identification. Both Gen. Gomez and the Governor General feel that the privates ought not to lose their share in the American gratuity merely because the schemes of certain high officers in the Cuban army have interposed obstacles. The belief among the Americans is that the company officers will assist in this way. Gen. Brooke's order will be disseminated through the newspapers, placarded in the post-offices, and given the widest circulation practicable.

Gen. Gomez's Position.

This afternoon Gen. Gon ez wrote a hisory of his relation to the army payment question. It includes the correspondence that has passed between himself and the Governor General, and it is intended to make his position clear to the public and to contrast his conduct favorably with that of the other Cuban leaders, led by Gens. Rodriguez, Manuel Sanguily, Juan Gaulberto, and other malcontents, who had organized a majority of the officers against him, apparently.

Gen. Gomez communicated his views to Gen. Brooke at an interview to-day, which continued for an hour and a half. The Cuban General was attended by Col. Dock Laborers Threaten Capt. Bar- President of that name, who has been mentioned as a candidate for the Presidency of Cuba.

Gen. Brooke expressed sympathy with Gen. Gomez and said he regretted the po-sition he had taken, but, the American commander added, if his decision was un changeable he would proceed to deal with the question alone. Gen. Brooke is determined not to be trifled with. He has the rolls of the privates and non-commissied officers who are willing to accept \$75 each, and this amount will be offered on the conditions previously laid down.

Must Lay Down Arms. A forcible disarmament of the Cuban troops will be the ultimate procedure, man is about forty y provided the events of the next two or three weeks show that such action is

Maj. Gen. Ludlow visited the Goternar General to-day to consult him regarding Havana affairs, including the appointment of a civil Goyernor. The Cuban National Party is holding an unconscious condition.

firm, with a rising tendency. ence, which is merely the old military assembly under a new name, held a meet- which is supposed to have been the cause Fernando Freyre de Andrade, at which learned. Mrs. Ferguson told the few deis made upon all who assisted in begin- his part to take his life, said that she had ing the revolution, "agents, emigrants, deportados, politicians, and conspirators,

FEELING AT SANTIAGO.

Disarmament Order Provokes Violent Fy.

pressions of Dissent Among Natives. Santiago de Cuba, May 15.—Considerable demand by the United States governmen ed articles, protesting against the accept

ance of any such proposal. La Independencia suggests that a stamp tax be instituted, by means of which loyal diers from the dishonor and humiliation

On all sides among the Cubans of Sar tiago violent expressions are heard regarding what is termed "the niggardly conduct of the Americans."

STORY OF MURDER AND LOOT Operations of Armed Bands in the Prov

ince of Puerto Principe. Havana, May 15.-A dispatch from Puerto Principe says that five armed mer have attacked a store at Quinta Navales half a league from Puerto Principe, kill vices from New York. I do not wish Gen. Henry any ill, but I do not want the severing his head from his body with a machete. The storekeeper's assistant Juan Parrado, in defending Fernandez received four machete cuts, from which he will die. The store was sacked of everything valuable and a quantity of

> The advices from Puerto Principe record the appearance of several bands of armed men on the estates near the bour dary line between the provinces of Puerto Principe and Santiago de Cuba. A detachment of two hundred cavalrymen and provisions for two weeks, have been sent in pursuit of these bands.

> Thirty-eight Years for Attempt at Murder Lewiston, Me., May 15.-George W Pierce was sentenced to-day to thirty eight years in the State prison for attempting to murder former City Marsha Teel and Judge A. G. Cornish, of the Lew that Pierce sent poisoned sugar to Judge Marshal Teel, designing to be revenged for a previous prosecution. The defense for a previous prosecution. The defense endeavored to show that Pierce was in

Railway Horror Investigation

Reading, Pa., May 15 .- Coroner Rother mel to-night announced his intention of beginning the inquiry into the cause of beginning the inquiry into the cause of the wreck on the Philadelphia and Read-ing Railway at Exeter on next Monday. All but seven of the injured have been discharged from the hospitals in this city.

Charged with His Daughter's Murder. Bentonville, Ark., May 15.-J. C. Butler, a prominent citizen living eighteen miles ton, a painter employed in the sugar fac-tory here, has killed his wife by cutting her throat, and then killed himself in the same manner. He is believed to have been insane.

SHOT HIMSELF WHILE INSANE.

George D. Scott, Manager of Rockefeller Tarrytown Estate, a Suicide. New York, May 15 .- George D. Scott for the past two years manager of the Tarrytown estate of John D. Rockefeller, committed suicide at Tarrytown to-day. He shot hinself over the right ear with a revolver, and the bullet passed through his head, coming out at the top Death was almost instantaneous, Scot-

had been suffering from mental trouble, and was undoubtedly insane when he killed himself. He was forty-eight years of age, married, and leaves a widov Scott came to take charge of Mr. Rock-

about the head by a trolley car in Cleve land. For a long time past he had bee complaining. Yesterday he was examine by a physician, who informed him tha was suffering from irritation of the

TRANSVAAL CONFERENCE.

President Kruger and Gov. Milner to Discuss the Burning Question.

London, May 16 .- A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Capetown says that the egotiations for a meeting between Pres-dent Kruger, of the South African republic, and Sir Alfred Milner, Governor of Cape Colony and British High Commissioner for South Africa, regarding the grievances of the Uitlanders in the Transvaal, have culminated finally in an probably be held in Cape Town.

FOUND DYING FROM POISON

Mystery Surrounds Sudden Illness of William Ferguson.

Taken in Unconscious Condition to Eme gency Hospital-Traces of Opium, but No Bottle Found-Wife Reticent in the Matter.

Mystery surrounds the case of William Ferguson, who was found dying, apparently of opium poisoning, at his home. 515 F street northwest, about 12 o'clock last night. There were no signs of a bottle in which poison could have been carried, but the physicians at the Emergency Hospital state that Ferguson exhibits ev-ery symptom of a person suffering from acute opium poisoning, and it is not believed that he will live more than a few hours at most. A physician was called in when Ferguson's condition was first discovered, but finding his efforts to resuscitate the unconscious man unavailing. the police were notified, and Ferguson

was sent to the hospital. For hours Dr. Adams and Dr. Whitson worked on the patient, and every method of overcoming the narcotic was resorted to. All proved futile, and his death is ex-

The Fergusons live at 515 F street, a very large house, where Mrs. Ferguson takes roomers. In the directory Ferguson is said to be a grocer, but no business of that kind is carried on at the F street address, the only one given. The poisoned man is about forty years old, and much

Wife Heard a Fall.

Mrs. Ferguson said that just before 12 clods of turf hastily torn from the lawn o'clock her husband left her and went to the bathroom. Ten minutes later she wagon. Cannon crackers were thrown heard a fall in that room, and going there found her husband lying on the floor in made them frantic. The musicians were found her husband lying on the floor in meetings in all the city wards this even- was summoned, and on his arrival suspected poison. He made a search for a In spite of the situation brought about vial or other receptacle for poison, but by the attitude of Gomez, stocks remain could find none. On the physician's ad-

The Society of Veterans of Independnce, which is merely the old military How or why Ferguson took the drug John Lane, and the students made a vice the suffering man was then sent to ing to-night under the Presidency of Gen. of his precarious condition cannot be meeting Gens. Lacret, Cisneros, Juan tails of the manner in which her husband Gomez, and Leyte Vidal, and others were was found dying, but when asked if she present. In the announcement of the knew if there had been anything in his meeting the promoters say that their call recent conduct to explain an attempt on nothing to say. The Fergusons rent the

but that none can enter the meeting un-less as members of the society. MONSTERS AND MOB LAW.

Bishop Gaines' Remarks on the Great Question of the Day in the South.

Special to The Post. Atlanta, Ga., May 15 .- Bishop W. J. Gaines, one of the most highly-educated great effect, the leaden-covered ends and influential thinkers of the negro race, beings exceedingly effective. The cowboys ast night delivered a powerful sermon on the race question at Bethel African Methodist Episcopal Church. Standing room was scant, and many leading white citizens were present. The nost virile portions of the discourse were as follows: in the head by a pony and his skull frac "We must be willing to pay the cost if tured. we move up in the scale of civilization. Fathers, endure hardships that you may ling upon him. Another was wounded by educate your children. Mothers, endure a bola, and another was struck by an In-

In one passage he said: "Perhaps if a cowboys and Indians were also man were charged with this crime of assault and I had an X-ray from Heaven turned on him so that I knew he was guilty, I would be willing to turn him over to the mob.

"I want to say to-day that he who apologizes for the crime or has any sympathy for the inhuman monster who commits this crime, be he black or white, is an enemy to God and a traitor to his race. "In all the catalogue of crime I can imagine no deed more dastardly, no flend more foul and infernal than the beast who would take from a good woman th treasure of her honor, brighter and more priceless than any jewel that ever glit-tered in the crown of a King. I can find no words to express my detestation for

While I have said this and would emphasize it with all my soul, I want to say further that with the most loyal and intelligent white men of this country I am opposed to mob law. While Sam Hose deserved death, I believe that the Hose deserved death, I believe that the moral effect of his punishment would have been greater had he been speedily and legally convicted and suffered death at the hands of the law. But the danger of mob law is that sometimes innocent men are condemned and executed.

"There is no danger of a race war; all such talk is idle and foolish. With 95 per cent, of our race good citizens, what occasion is there for war? The good men of both races will and can get together, and peace and harmony will prevail."

Stabbed in a Desperate Fight. Shamokin, Pa., May 15.-Returning from a mandolin club festival near Paxinos, a number of young farmers from Stonington and Irish Valley yesterday engaged in a desperate fight, during which Elmer Haas, of Stonington. was stabbed six times by Amos Ritchie, of Irish Valley. Ritchie escaped. Most of the wounds of his victim are in the back. One of the knife thrusts penetrated his lung, and his recovery is hopeless. Haas is twenty-two

recovery is hopeless. Has years old and unmarried. Changes in Panama Railroad Officials. Changes in Panama Railroad Officials.

New York, May 15.—Announcement was made to-day that George Whaley, Vice President of the Panama Railroad Company, has been appointed First Vice President of May. pany, has been appointed First Vice President, and will represent the company in Paris, while the Secretary, Assistant Gen-

BROKE UP THE PARADE

Princeton Student: "ash with Cowboys and L. dians.

PAWNEE BILL'S ADVENTRESENTED

Wild West Combination Attempted to Violate an Old Unwritten Law Against Circus Parades in Princeton - Cannor Crackers Stampede Horses-The Students Throw Bad Eggs, Cabbage, and Other Missiles-Indians Charge Kioters.

students and Pawnee Bill's Wild West employes indulged in a pitched pattle today, and continuous and serious rioting was prevented only by the presence men with cool heads and the action of President Patton, of Princeton University, later in the day in calling a mass-meeting of all of the students.

For fifty years it has been an unwritten law of Princeton that no circus parade must pass through the streets. Every show proprietor in making his dates has always left Princeton from the list, for it had been a matter of common knowledge that the students would enforce the unwritten law. This morning Pawnee Bill's Wild West combination violated traditions and paraded. The result was the fiercest battle Princeton has seen in many years. When posters were hung up a few days ago announcing the advent of Pawnee Bill it was at first considered a

Finally, when it became known that the management of the show was really in earnest the town authorities, fearing trouble, advised the circus men not to attempt a parade. This advice was unheeded. As a result of to-day's fight one man is unconscious and may die, and a number of students and employes of the show are nursing wounds received in the fray. That the show would be upset at night seemed a certainty until late this afternoon, when President Patton called a mass-meeting of all the under-grad-uates and the faculty, and the result of the meeting indicates that the show will leave town unmolested, but it will have ost money, for word has been passed through the town that no one is to enter the tent, and the townspeople, who are in sympathy with the students, are a unit in refusing to attend.

Attacked the Band Wagon.

Things were proceeding in the usual course in the university when the parade started. The procession reached the college campus without trouble, but passed down Nassau street at a bad moment, just as the band's music was heard the the first morning lectures to the second The townspeople were out in force and waiting for the parade, and the great majority of them were massed near the cam-pus. Word passed all along the line, and within a few minutes six or seven hun-dred students had assembled on Nassau street. Cannon crackers left over from previous celebrations, eggs purchased at near-by stores, and vegetables bought or confiscated from the stores were assembied quickly. The men unable to obtain these missiles armed themselves with

A physician on top of the wagons. A serious runaway might have resulted had not one of the leaders stumbled and fell, dragging down the other horses with him. The students meanwhile kept up a merciless bembard-

> grand rush to head off the procession. Again the employes of the circus were egged. The cowboys and Indians finally charged the students and used their whips freely. That was the turning point of the Stung by the whips and bruised by the riders running into them, the students became ugly, and in a moment the missiles that were annoying but not dangerous were replaced by stones, and the

ight became serious. Used Revolvers and Bolas.

Revolvers were drawn, but fortunately the owners were wise enough to fire over the heads of the enemy. Some of the Mexican or South American cowboys un slung their bolas and used these with down those who could not get out of the

man, was knocked down and was kicked A student was injured by a nony tramp hardness that your girls may go to dian with one of the snake whips. Many students were less severely hurt,

In this manner Edward Dillon, a colored

bruised and hurt. A mass-meeting of students was called this afternoon, attended by the whole under-graduate body, at which President Patton spoke in condemnation of the attack on the parade, and positively forbade any student to go to the show grounds to-night. At the same time the college authorities arranged to have the proctor and a large force of assistants on

FILIBUSTER CASE DISMISSED.

Dountless Released by Government After Two Years' Detention.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 15.-The cases of steamer Dauntless, for alleged filibustersed nearly three years ago, were dismissed in the United States Court to-day on motion of the government. This was done on an agreement that the claims of W. A. Bisbee, owner of the Dauntless, against C. R. Bisbee, formerly Collector of Customs in this city, and against W. F. Kiltoms in this city, and against W. F. Kligore, commander of the revenue cutter
Boutwell, for detaining the Dauntless on
various occasions, should also be dismissed, which was done.

The boat has been for more than two
years in the custody of the United States,
carrying at all times a United States Deputy Marshal, who will now be discharged,
and for the first time in twenty-six
months the boat will be absolutely free
to come and go in legitimate business.

FOURTH IMMUNES IN NEW YORK.

Which Are Many Washington Men New York, May 15.-The United States transport Dixie arrived in quarantine at 11 o'cleck to-night from Manzanillo, Cu having on board the Fourth United States Volunteers, under the command of Col. James S. Pettit. This regiment was recruited principally in Virginia and the

New York, May 15.-Anson M. Stratton. known as the "Pioneer of Coney Island," died Saturday, aged sixty-two years. He left a fortune of \$2,000,006, acquired by early investments at Concy Island.